# LICENSING COMMITTEE (NON LICENSING ACT 2003 FUNCTIONS)

## **Agenda Item 17**

**Brighton & Hove City Council** 

Subject: Covid19 Update – Licensing and hospitality sector

Date of Meeting: 26 November 2020

Report of: Interim Executive Director of Housing,

**Neighbourhoods & Communities** 

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**Services Manager** 

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Wards Affected: All

#### 1. SUMMARY AND POLICY CONTEXT:

1.1 This report has been requested by Members and is to provide an update on the effects on Licensing, both the trade and the service, from the impact of Covid19 and the subsequent restrictions brought in to limit the transmission of the virus.

#### 2. **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

2.1 That Members note the contents of this report and that officers should continue to take action as appropriate.

#### 3. RELEVANT BACKGROUND INFORMATION/CHRONOLOGY OF KEY EVENTS:

### 3.1 Key Dates:

- 26<sup>th</sup> March 2020 National Lockdown starts (all shops and licensed premises closed, with exceptions). The Health Protection (Coronavirus, restrictions) Regulations 2020.
- 4<sup>th</sup> July re-opening of hospitality sector together with local lockdown restrictions
- 9<sup>th</sup> July Working safely during coronavirus (COVID-19), published by the
  Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy ("BEIS") ("the Working
  Safely Guidance") in updated form on 9 July 2020, which is made up of 12 subguides for different types of work
- 21<sup>st</sup> July Business and Planning Act 2020 easing and of pavement licensing and allowing limited off sales on a time-limited (Sept 21 – extended to March 2022) basis.
- 14th September 2020 Rule of Six, table service & face coverings mandatory
- 18th September 2020 Mandatory Test and Trace
- 28<sup>th</sup> September New restrictions on singing and dancing in premises (stop singing in groups of more than 6, dancing and restriction of music noise levels)
- 12<sup>th</sup> October Three-tier system of restrictions Regulations
  - Tier One Medium Alert Level areas with lowest rates basic nation rules (curfew/rule of 6)

- Tier Two High Alert Level local lockdown areas extra level of restrictions
   no mixing of different households indoors
- Tier Three Very High Alert Level transmission of virus rising most rapidly pubs & bars closed, households cannot mix indoors or outdoors, gyms, leisure centres, betting shops & casinos close
- 5<sup>th</sup> November 2<sup>nd</sup> December 2020 Lockdown 2.0: The Health Protection (Coronavirus, Restrictions) (England)(No. 4) Regulations 2020 "No.4 Regulations - replacing Medium, High and Very High Regulations

## 4. RELEVANT BACKGROUND INFORMATION/CHRONOLOGY OF KEY EVENTS:

- 4.1 On the 26<sup>th</sup> March 2020 the country went into lockdown that saw all nonessential businesses, forced to close with the introduction of The Health Protection (Coronavirus, restrictions) Regulations 2020.
- 4.2 Officers from Regulatory Services, in particular Tradings Standards, Licensing and Environmental Health have been enforcing new legislation, dealing with over 800 Covid related enquiries and complaints during the lockdown period and then the subsequent easing of restrictions and re-opening phase.
  A summary of the enforcement action and types of complaints and enquiries is detailed in Appendix A.
- 4.3 From the 4<sup>th</sup> July we then had a period of moving cautiously out of lockdown, with only really nightclubs/sex entertainment venues remaining closed, albeit businesses particularly the hospitality sector were presented with immediate and exceptional challenges in adopting measures to restrict the transmission of the virus which means a significant reduction in capacities and an increase in overheads.
- 4.4 However, we saw a rapid rise in infections during October leading to increased hospital admissions and deaths, most notably in certain areas of the country. This led to further restrictions and new regulations introducing a 3-tier system introduced on the 14<sup>th</sup> October 2020 followed by a second national lockdown "lockdown 2.0" which started on the 5<sup>th</sup> November and is due to end on the 2<sup>nd</sup> December.
- 4.5 Regulatory services, particularly Environmental Health and Licensing, have been working alongside Public Health and the Police to both support and police the regulations and guidance, as well as assist with the local outbreak plan in tracing and following up reports of positive testing.
- 4.6 Local authority licensing is a statutory function, its purpose rooted in public safety, requiring the local authority to fulfil a statutory process which then enshrines the licensing function within its remit and responsibilities.
- 4.7 So despite the lockdown, the licensing authority have continued to function, conducting virtual remote hearings and continuing its statutory

duties of processing applications and ensuring compliance with not only licensing legislation but the new regulations bought in to minimise the transmission of the virus.

- 4.8 The vast majority of premises have been compliant and are keen to comply with both the guidance and the regulations. We've seen many premises have to re-think their traditional mode of operation, moving from to a greatly reduced capacity, table service operation, and as such we are receiving a lot of variations to amend hours and conditions.
- 4.9 Coronavirus and the subsequent restrictions have not only affected licensed premises but have had a devastating effect on the Outdoor Events Industry in 2020, with research (undertaken by the Events Industry Forum) showing that, since March, 99% of business activity nationally ceased with events not taking place. This is particularly true for Brighton & Hove where outdoor events play a major role in the city as a leisure destination and therefore contribute significantly to the economic impact that tourism brings to the city, as well as raising substantial funding for charity organisations.
- 4.10 Many businesses have survived this period on a combination of loans, furloughing and redundancies. The Discretionary Fund, partially targeted at Events and Creative Industries here in Brighton and Hove, was massively appreciated by numerous local individuals and companies reliant on the Events Industry. However, many are now fearful of what a fallow winter and a potential delayed start to the 2021 season may bring with many events requesting their events be push back to autumn 2021.
- 4.11 Working alongside Comms, the council's covid website has been continually updated with the latest advice and guidance. In addition, Regulatory Services have sent out weekly, sometimes daily, messaging to all food and licensed businesses on the latest requirements and guidance.

## 5. ENFORCEMENT

- 5.1 The advice from Government and one we have adopted is to take a supportive approach, not seeking enforcement action, but in the first instance supporting and advising businesses with a staged approach to enforcement. However, where there is a flagrant breach of regulations after support has been given we will take enforcement action and this could include fixed penalty notices and prohibition notices.
- 5.2 Following the re-opening of the hospitality sector on the 4<sup>th</sup> July the Covid regulations were largely replaced by 'Guidance' which is not a statutory requirement and caused difficulties when it came to enforcement. However, following the second wave in the rise of infections we now have a number of

- new regulations with requirements around face coverings, social distancing measures, QR codes, isolation and the rule of 6.
- In addition, the local authority can make a "Direction", having regard to advice from the DoPH, responding to a "serious & imminent threat to public health". The "direction" is "necessary for the purpose of preventing, protecting against, controlling or providing a public health response to the incidents or spread of infection by Coronavirus in the Local Authority's area"; and "the prohibitions, requirements or restrictions" which are imposed by the "Direction" are a proportionate means of achieving that purpose.
- 5.4 There are also a number of existing powers that can be used first. All businesses must operate subject to a Covid-19 risk assessment and in accordance with detailed government guidance and regulations. Action, including closure, prohibition, improvement and warning notices, as well as fixed penalty notices can be used under exiting and recently introduced legislation.
- 5.5 In July council officers resumed inspections with the re-opening of the hospitality sector and, in addition, have been carrying out weekly joint inspections with police licensing. The licensing team is working particularly closely with our colleagues in police licensing during this time sharing intelligence, advice and interpretation of the new regulations and guidance, issuing joint statements to the trade and collating information on actions taken.
- 5.6 Officers have adapted well to interpreting, giving advice and enforcing the plethora of covid regulations and guidance that has been introduced, often changing on a weekly basis. A considerable skill base has been built up and we are looking at how we use that with the introduction Covid Marshals, as well as backfilling traditional licensing and environmental health work and maintaining business as usual.
- 5.7 Regulatory Services managers and senior officers are in daily and weekly briefings with Public Health, Safety Advisory Group and Legal, as well as attending key council and multi-agency groups around recovery and controlling the transmission of the virus.

#### 4. COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT AND CONSULTATION

4.1. None.

#### 5. FINANCIAL & OTHER IMPLICATIONS:

Financial Implications:

5.1. This report is for information purposes only, so there are no financial implications.

Finance Officer Consulted: Michael Bentley Date: 16/10/20

#### Legal Implications:

5.2 There are no direct legal implications.

Lawyer Consulted: Rebecca Sidell Date: 16/10/20

## **Equalities Implications:**

5.3 Licensing authorities must ensure that a safe hackney carriage and private hire service is freely available to meet the demand across all sectors of the public, especially those vulnerable groups to whom a taxi or private hire vehicle is often the only means of completing a journey.

### **Sustainability Implications:**

5.4 None.

## **Crime & Disorder Implications:**

5.5 Contained in the body of the report.

## 6. EVALUATION OF ANY ALTERNATIVE OPTION(S):

6.1. None – for information only.

#### 7. REASONS FOR REPORT RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1. For information only.

**Appendices: Covid Summary Enforcement Briefing Document**